

## China RoHS 2 Statement

China RoHS 2 requires manufacturers to restrict the use of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic products (EEPs) and disclose hazardous substances contained in these products. The regulation has been in effect since **July 1, 2016**.

China's Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, with the collaboration of seven other ministries, promulgated the Guidelines for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products (China RoHS) on January 21, 2016. China RoHS 2 extends the scope of China RoHS from electronic information products (EIPs) to electrical and electronic products (EEPs). China RoHS 2 restricts the use of lead (Pb) and its compounds, mercury (Hg) and its compounds, cadmium (Cd) and its compounds, hexavalent chromium (Cr+6) compounds, polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs), and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs). China RoHS 2's restrictions on six hazardous substances align with the European Union 2011/65/EU directive (EU RoHS 2). Since the EU RoHS directive came into effect first, it has become the main standard for product safety and environmental protection laws.

With the aim of protecting Chinese consumers and the environment, the China RoHS 2 standard requires manufacturers to restrict the use of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic products and disclose hazardous substances contained in their products in accordance with the standards SJ/T 11364-2014 (Marking for the Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products) and GB/T 26572-2011 (Requirements on concentration limits for certain restricted substances in electrical and electronic products). These regulations have been in effect since July 1, 2016.

On May 16, 2019, China's State Administration for Market Regulation (SAMR) and the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT) published the "Implementation guidelines for the Conformity Assessment System for the Restriction of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products" (hereinafter referred to as the "Implementation Guidelines"). All products listed in the "China RoHS compliance management catalogue" that are manufactured or imported after November 01, 2019, must comply with these Implementation Guidelines.

Moxa is taking the following steps to comply with the China RoHS 2 requirements:

- Moxa's ultimate design and manufacturing objective is to comply with the requirements of the Hazardous Substance Free (HSF) policy.
- Moxa's products comply with the 2011/65/EU directive (also known as EU RoHS 2).
- Moxa ensures that the China RoHS 2-compliant products are labelled according to the standards defined in SJ/T 11364-2014 and GB/T 26572-2011.

Moxa is implementing the following actions with regards to labeling products:



Figure A: This label on a Moxa product indicates that it is environmentally friendly and does not contain any hazardous substances.



Figure B: This label on a Moxa product indicates that it contains certain hazardous substances. Moxa provides a substance disclosure table when the product is marked with this symbol.

- Moxa ensures compliance with the Implementation Guidelines with respect to labelling for product types listed in the China RoHS compliance management catalogue.
- After a product is placed on the market, Moxa will complete the China RoHS conformity assessment via self-declaration and submit all related information to a public service platform **within 30 days**.



Figure C: This label on a Moxa product indicates that it is compliant with the China RoHS conformity assessment via self-declaration.

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